

Find the inverse of each of the following functions.

$$1. \ y = 2x + 6$$

$$2. \ y = x^2, \ [0, \infty)$$

$$3. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$4. \ g(x) = \log x$$

$$5. \ h(x) = \ln(x+2)$$

$$6. \ y = e^{x+2} - 4$$

Graph the following functions without a graphing calculator.

$$7. \ y = (x-2)^2 + 3$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \sin(2x)$$

$$9. \ f(t) = \ln t - 1$$

$$10. \ y = 3^x - 4$$

$$11. \ g(t) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^t$$

$$12. \ y = e^{x+1} - 4$$

Given

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}$$

$$h(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$13. \text{ Find } f \cdot g$$

$$14. \text{ Find } \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$

$$15. \text{ Find } f \circ h$$

State the Domain.

$$16. \ #14?$$

$$17. \ s(t) = \sqrt{t^2 - 16}$$

$$18. \ a(t) = \sqrt[3]{14t - 196}$$

19. Given $v(-2) = 5$ and $v(3) = 10$ find an equation in point-slope form.

$$20. \ f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}, \text{ evaluate } \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}.$$

$$21. \ h(x) = x^2 + 1, \text{ evaluate } \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

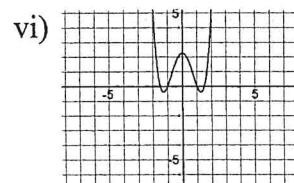
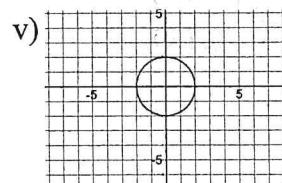
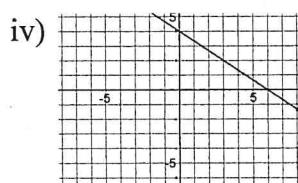
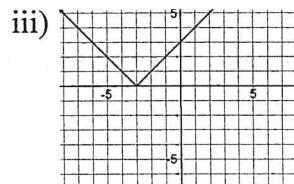
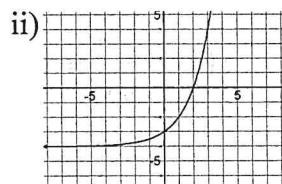
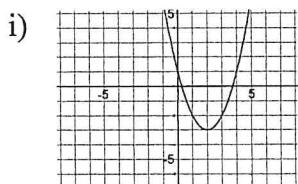
22. What would happen if $h = 0$ in number 21?

23. Graph the following piece-wise defined functions. State the Domain and Range.

a) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2 & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$

b) $f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x+1 & \text{if } |x| \leq 2 \\ \sqrt{4-(x-4)^2} & \text{if } 2 < x < 6 \\ 2 & \text{if } 6 \leq x \leq 8 \\ -x+10 & \text{if } x > 8 \end{cases}$

24. Answer the questions below. There may be more than one correct answer.



- Give a possible equation for each of the above graphs.
- Name each type of graph, i.e. Rational, Linear, Quadratic...