

Pick a Word

Use the words in the box below to complete each statement.

collision	IPDE Process
defensive driver	risk
driving task	Smith System
graduated driver licensing program	vehicle code
highway transportation system (HTS)	Zone Control System

1. The _____ has three parts: people, vehicles, and roadways.
2. The main _____ of driving is the possibility of a conflict that leads to a collision.
3. The _____ is used by federal, state, and local governments to regulate the highway transportation system.
4. The _____ includes all the social, physical, and mental skills required for low-risk driving.
5. A process of seeing, thinking, and responding is called the _____.
6. The _____ helps drivers develop good seeing habits.
7. A method for managing the space around your vehicle is called the _____.
8. A _____ drives in a way that reduces conflicts.
9. A _____ is the product of human error.
10. A _____ requires a young driver to go through a series of licensing stages.

Write the IPDE Step

1. You see a construction worker holding a warning sign.
2. You think the other driver does not see you.
3. You slow to increase your following distance.
4. You choose to flash your brake lights.
5. You need to change lanes.
6. You see a motorcyclist signaling for a left turn.
7. You change your lane position to increase space.
8. You think the vehicle's passenger door will open.
9. You notice gravel on the roadway.
10. You conclude you need to reduce speed.

Identify the HTS Category

Check the box to the right that best identifies each item in the list below.

1. tractor-semitrailer
2. bicyclist
3. YIELD sign
4. Greyhound bus
5. freeway
6. student driver
7. gravel road
8. school parking lot
9. jogger
10. train
11. passenger
12. school bus
13. rural route
14. camping trailer
15. traffic light

	People	Vehicles	Roadways
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			
13.			
14.			
15.			

Pick the HTS Agency

Write the agency or department listed in the box that performs each activity.

federal, state, and local governments
 highway traffic engineers
 state and local law enforcement agencies

State Department of Motor Vehicles
 courts (judicial)

1. Sets rules to assure that driver and vehicle standards are met.
2. Ensure that the laws are obeyed.
3. Enforce the national guidelines which make up the vehicle code.
4. Decide whether drivers charged with violating the laws are guilty or innocent.
5. Plan, build, and maintain the complex system of roadways.

Select the Driving Task

Check the box to the right that identifies each item in the list below.

1. Shows courtesy to a pedestrian
2. Identifies traffic signs
3. Negotiates a sharp turn
4. Judges the space around the vehicle
5. Uses the IPDE Process
6. Joins car pools
7. Drives while tired
8. Yields to the other driver
9. Turns on the windshield wipers
10. Shakes a fist at another driver
11. Predicts the light will turn red
12. Shifts into another gear

	Mental Skills (make decisions)	Physical Skills (control the car)	Social Skills (interact with others)
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			

Test Your Knowledge and Attitude

Check true or false for each statement below.

	True	False
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		

1. You are responsible for avoiding trouble.
2. Your attitude toward life and driving will not affect your driving.
3. Driving is a risk that can be reduced by using good habits.
4. It's not my fault if I lose control of my car on a dark roadway.
5. My friends don't wear safety belts, so I shouldn't either.
6. Being a good driver takes time and practice.
7. Responsible drivers buy fuel-efficient cars.
8. Safe drivers are usually "wimps."
9. Air crashes kill more people than vehicle collisions.
10. Responsible, low-risk drivers are the most important part of the HTS.
11. Decision-making skills are not as important as physical skills.
12. Rain, nighttime, or rough pavement can become major problems.
13. Traffic jams are unavoidable; no one is responsible for them.
14. It's best to put distance between yourself and angry drivers.
15. Following too closely is a major cause of collisions.

Identify the Graduated Driver Licensing Program Stage

Check the driver licensing stage number shown in the box below that describes the step in the licensing process.

- ① Learner's Permit Stage
- ② Intermediate License Stage
- ③ Full-Privilege License Stage

License Stages		
1.	①	②
2.	①	②
3.	①	②
4.	①	②
5.	①	②
6.	①	②
7.	①	②
8.	①	②
9.	①	②
10.	①	②

1. Permitted to drive when supervised by an adult, licensed driver
2. Must have successfully completed an approved driver education course
3. Night driving usually is restricted
4. Complete the intermediate stage violation-free
5. Passengers can be limited in age and/or number
6. Full, unrestricted privileges are earned
7. If the learner has a violation or collision, the “clock” is set back to zero
8. A minimum number of hours of practice driving may be required
9. May be required to complete an advanced driver education course
10. Practice driving may be continued to meet the required hours

Write the step that is required for Stage 1 and Stage 2. _____

Name Ways to Manage Environmental Problems

The management of our transportation-related environmental problems is the responsibility of all drivers. On the blanks below, list ways to meet this responsibility.

Pick a Word

Use the words in the box below to complete each statement.

advisory speed limit	lane signal	roadway markings
basic speed law	minimum speed limit	school zone
flashing signal	pedestrian signal	shared left-turn
guide sign	regulatory sign	traffic signals
international signs	right-turn-on-red	warning sign

1. Information on routes, service areas, and points of interest are provided on a _____.

2. A _____ tells you about the laws that you must obey.

3. To keep traffic moving, a _____ is set on some primary highways and expressways.

4. A yellow, diamond-shaped sign that alerts you to possible hazards is called a _____.

5. Two signs used in a _____ alert drivers to children who might dart out into the street without looking.

6. Obey the _____ when traffic, roadway, or weather conditions are bad.

7. To help drivers make safe left turns in the middle of the block, a _____ lane is used in many cities.

8. Special conditions such as a sharp curve are often posted with an _____ sign.

9. At some intersections, a _____ alerts drivers to dangerous conditions.

10. Painted solid lines, broken lines, arrows, or words are called _____.

11. Changes in travel direction during rush-hour traffic is indicated by a _____ light hanging overhead.

12. When a traffic signal is red, the _____ law allows a driver to turn right.

13. Drivers who travel from country to country can understand the meaning of _____ because they use symbols rather than words.

14. At heavily traveled intersections, a _____ is mounted near traffic lights.

15. All _____ have specific colors to help traffic flow smoothly.

Match the Color

Use the colors in the box below to identify the highway signs. Write in the blank the color that matches the sign.

red	green	orange	blue	yellow
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1. Construction or detour _____

2. Stop, yield, or prohibited _____

3. Motorist service _____

4. Information on routes and distances _____

5. Warning, danger ahead _____

Check Your Knowledge

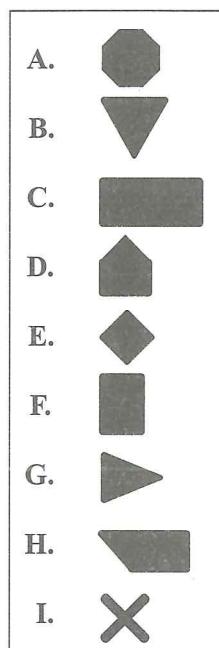
Check true or false for each of the situations below.

	True	False
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

- When two drivers stop at the same time at an intersection, the driver on the right should go first.
- The posted maximum speed limit is safe for any driving conditions.
- A diamond-shaped sign warns drivers of conditions such as a divided highway or deer crossing.
- The sign with a black "X" and two "Rs" warns drivers of a railroad crossing ahead.
- At intersections where a stop line and pedestrian crosswalk are marked, you must stop at the pedestrian crosswalk.
- Drivers must come to a full stop at a flashing red light.
- The flashing pedestrian signal alerts drivers to pedestrians in the crosswalk.
- YIELD signs and STOP signs are examples of regulatory signs.
- Interstate routes heading east or west are odd-numbered.
- A yellow pennant-shaped sign and solid yellow line are used in no-passing zones.

Pick the Sign Shape

Write the letter of the sign that matches the description.



- This black and white regulatory sign identifies the maximum speed limit.
- These signs alert you to possible dangers ahead.
- The railroad crossing location is marked with this sign.
- This red and white sign means a driver must be ready to yield the right-of-way.
- This black and white sign indicates traffic may only flow in one direction.
- This sign is placed on the left side of the roadway at the start of a no-passing zone.
- When this sign shows a crosswalk with children, it marks a school zone.
- A full stop is required at this red and white sign.
- This brown sign guides you to public recreation areas.
- When this sign is orange it warns of a construction zone.

Choose the Best Action

Write the letter of the action you would use. You will use some letters more than once.

- _____ 1. The road is divided with two solid yellow lines and you want to pass.
- _____ 2. You see red raised roadway markers in the road ahead.
- _____ 3. You are traveling at the maximum speed limit and it starts snowing.
- _____ 4. There is no other traffic as you approach a red flashing light.
- _____ 5. You are traveling at 35 mph when you see a school zone sign.
- _____ 6. A two-way roadway is divided by a shared left-turn lane and you want to turn left.
- _____ 7. The roadway in your lane has a left-turn arrow. You want to turn right.
- _____ 8. The traffic light turns yellow as you enter the intersection.
- _____ 9. The traffic light is green but a traffic control officer is signaling you to stop.
- _____ 10. Driving late at night you feel rumble strips under your tires.
- _____ 11. You are traveling in the far right lane. The sign ahead warns you that the lane is ending.
- _____ 12. You approach an intersection with a flashing yellow light.
- _____ 13. You arrive at a four-way stop at the same time as the driver to the right.
- _____ 14. The lane you are traveling in has a green arrow pointing toward your intended path of travel.

Action
A. Pull off the roadway immediately
B. Maintain position
C. Reduce speed
D. Come to a full stop
E. Change lanes
F. Continue in your lane
G. Proceed with caution
H. Steer toward the center of the roadway
I. Yield to the other driver

Use the Pictures

Identify the signs and check the correct category for each below.

Sign	Regulatory	Warning	Guide
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			

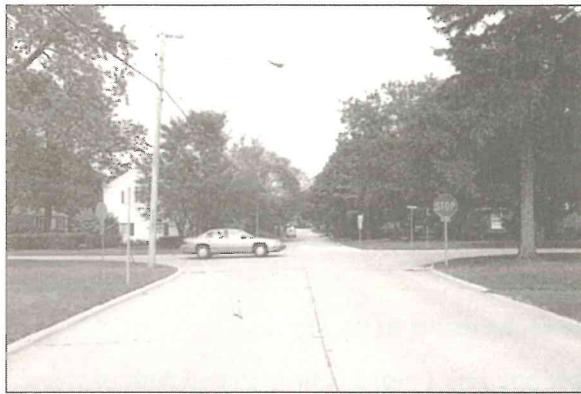
1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

Study the Pictures

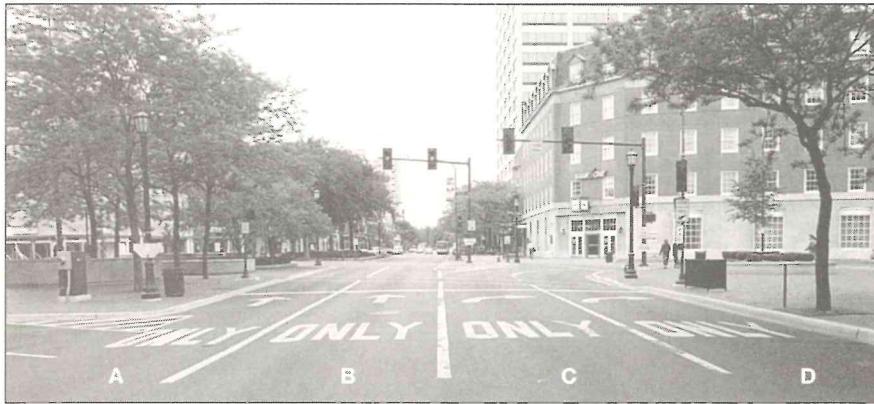
For each picture, write the action you would take in the situation.



You are in the left lane entering this construction area. You slowed to the posted speed limit. What else should you have done?



Where do you stop?



You want to turn right. Which lanes permit a right turn?

Pick a Word

Use the word or words in the box below that matches each statement.

ABS alert light	hazard flasher
accelerator pedal	head restraint
clutch pedal	hood-release lever
cruise control	odometer
foot-brake pedal	shift indicator

- _____ 1. This indicates the antilock braking system is functioning.
- _____ 2. This optional device allows you to set a constant speed in your vehicle.
- _____ 3. The driver controls the speed of the vehicle with this device.
- _____ 4. This padded safety device helps reduce whiplash injuries in a collision.
- _____ 5. Use this device to warn other drivers of a vehicle breakdown or problem.
- _____ 6. You must have your foot on this device when shifting from parking gear to a driving gear.
- _____ 7. This gauge on the instrument panel shows the number of miles a vehicle has been driven.
- _____ 8. You must use this device before checking or replacing any engine fluids.
- _____ 9. This device allows the driver to change gears when driving a stickshift vehicle.
- _____ 10. This device indicates the gear being used by the driver or the need to change to a higher gear.

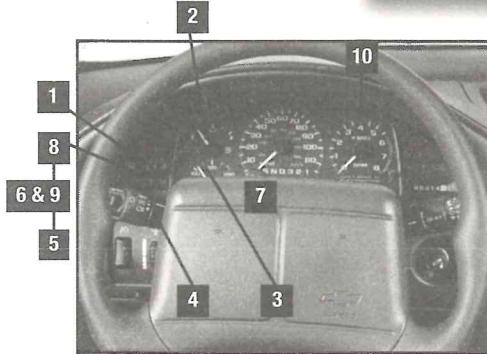
Write the Basic Vehicle Control Term

Write the terms for the definitions below on the blank lines provided.

- _____ 1. The poor driving habit of resting your foot on the clutch pedal while driving a stickshift vehicle
- _____ 2. An area that may not be visible to the driver when looking in the rearview or sideview mirrors
- _____ 3. Changing from a higher to lower gear to allow the engine to have greater pulling or braking power while driving
- _____ 4. Looking far ahead in the middle of your intended path of travel
- _____ 5. The point at which the clutch allows the engine to connect to the transmission to allow the vehicle to move.

Write the Warning Information

The names of critical instrument panel warning lights and gauges (as shown in the picture) appear below. Fill in the vehicle information the driver receives from each device.



1. Safety belt alert light: _____
2. Fuel gauge: _____
3. Temperature warning light or gauge (H): _____
4. Oil pressure warning light: _____
5. Air bag warning light: _____
6. Parking brake warning light: _____
7. Left and right signals flashing: _____
8. ABS alert light: _____
9. Brake system warning light: _____
10. Tachometer: _____

Test Your Knowledge

Check correct or incorrect for each statement below.

1. When the oil pressure warning light goes on with the engine running, it indicates that the oil needs changing.
2. The last thing you should do before moving a vehicle away from the curb is release the parking brake.
3. The ABS alert light indicates a problem with the antilock braking system if it comes on while you are driving.
4. If the brake warning light comes on as you apply the foot-brake pedal, it indicates that the brake pads are worn out.
5. In an automatic transmission vehicle, always come to a stop before changing from DRIVE to REVERSE or OVERDRIVE to PARK gears.
6. In a stickshift vehicle, always come to a stop before changing from a forward (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) to REVERSE gear or OVERDRIVE (5) to parking (1 or R) gears.
7. Riding the clutch pedal keeps the clutch in the best working position and condition.
8. The driver can start the vehicle in NEUTRAL or PARK gears, regardless of the transmission type.
9. Beginning drivers often try to correct steering errors by moving the steering wheel too much and looking where the car is going.
10. The windshield wipers and washer usually are operated by a switch mounted on the turn-signal lever.

	Correct	Incorrect
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

Use the Picture

Use the picture at the right to answer the vehicle control procedures questions below.

1. What error is this person making in approaching and entering this vehicle? _____

2. Why is the correct procedure a safer way to enter? _____

3. What outside checks should this person make? _____


Write the Steps

Write the five key vehicle securing steps in the order that a driver should complete them when leaving a vehicle from the driver's side.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Identify the Gear

For each situation listed, check the gear that you should use on an automatic transmission vehicle to complete the maneuver.

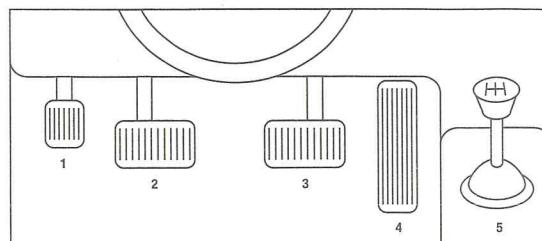
1. Backing out of a parking space
2. Driving on an open, level highway
3. Leaving the vehicle in a garage
4. Pulling a heavy load or driving down a very steep hill
5. Driving in the city in moderate snow conditions
6. Restarting the vehicle while moving forward
7. Reducing speed on a low traction surface prior to making a turn at an intersection

	P	R	N	D	L2	L1
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
6.						
7.						

Use the Picture

Study the stickshift controls in the picture to the right and read each driver action below. Write in the boxes the number and name of the control to use.

1. The driver must push this pedal when stopping and changing gears.
2. The driver must use these devices to change from SECOND to THIRD gear.
3. The driver must use this device to slow or stop the vehicle.
4. The driver must use this device when preparing to leave the vehicle.
5. The driver must use this pedal to increase speed or change speed of the engine.



Number	Name
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

Answer the Question

Use the word or words in the box that best answer the questions below about using a stickshift vehicle.

clutch pedal	friction point
downshift	NEUTRAL
FIRST gear	REVERSE
foot-brake pedal	SECOND gear
FOURTH gear	THIRD gear

1. When slowing before a sharp turn, what can you do to gain added control?
2. Which gear would you use to move forward from a stop?
3. Which gear would you use to back out of a garage?
4. At what point does the vehicle begin to move when you slowly release your foot from the clutch?
5. Which gear would you use for forward speeds in the range of 25 to 40 mph?
6. Which gear should you use for forward speeds in the range of 15 to 25 mph?
7. Which gear position should you use to start the engine in a stickshift vehicle?
8. Your vehicle has four forward gear choices. Which gear would you most likely use for highway driving?
9. You are slowing your vehicle from higher speeds on a level highway. What vehicle-control device would you use first?
10. You are slowing your vehicle from slow speeds in traffic. What vehicle-control device would you use first?