

Pick A Word

Use the words in the box below to complete each statement.

advisory speed sign	pull-out area
flash flood	roadway shoulder
line of sight	runaway vehicle ramp
median	slow-moving vehicle
multilane roadway	switchback

- Slow-Moving Vehicle 1. Rural roads with more than one lane going in the same direction
- Pull-out Area 2. A vehicle usually identified by an orange triangular sign at the rear
- Line of Sight 3. Gives suggested travel speed for curve under ideal conditions
- Switchback 4. An additional right lane for slower moving vehicles
- Runaway Vehicle Ramp 5. A grass, metal, or concrete divider that separates traffic moving in opposite directions
6. The distance you can see ahead in the direction you are looking when driving
7. Sudden rush of water due to excessive rain
8. Series of sharp turns, often found in mountain areas
9. A paved, gravel, or soft area to the left or right of the roadway
10. An area specially designed to slow a vehicle that loses the ability to brake when going down a steep hill

Test Your Knowledge

Check correct or incorrect for each statement below.

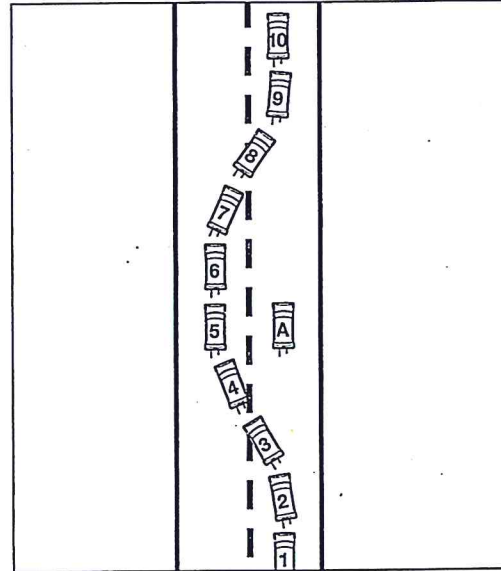
- There are more fatalities in rural driving than in city driving mainly due to the number of hills and curves.
- When crossing multilane highways, you should treat each side as a one-way street.
- Lower gears might provide more power while going up steep hills.
- It is illegal for you to speed up while being passed by another vehicle.
- The 3-second following distance is the safest space cushion for all types of conditions in rural driving.
- As you approach a hill in your vehicle, your line of sight becomes shorter.
- When driving downhill, you should maintain steady pressure on the brake.
- Move to lane position 1 when you cannot see oncoming vehicles on mountain curves.
- If caught in a sandstorm and you must drive, use your low-beam headlights.
- On a divided highway, all vehicles must stop for a loading school bus.

	Correct	Incorrect
1.		
2.	✓	
3.		
4.	✓	
5.		
6.	✓	
7.		
8.	✓	
9.		
10.		✓

Study the Diagram

While traveling on a two-lane highway, another vehicle decides to pass vehicle A. The pass is safe and legal. Vehicle A is moving at a speed 15 miles under the limit. Starting with position 1, match the letter of each step of the passing maneuver below with the correct vehicle position number.

	Vehicle Position	
1.		A. Check for canceled left signal.
2.	J	B. Change lanes smoothly.
3.		C. Check rearview mirror for the headlights of vehicle A.
4.	A	D. Check for canceled right signal; adjust speed.
5.		E. Accelerate to proper speed.
6.	C	F. Pass vehicle A.
7.		G. Tap horn or flash headlights.
8.	H	H. Return to right lane.
9.		I. Check rear zones through mirror and mirror blind spot; signal right.
10.	E	J. Check mirror blind spot; signal left



Identify the Area to Scan

You are driving on the rural highway shown in the picture. Check which visual search area you would scan to identify each of the following.

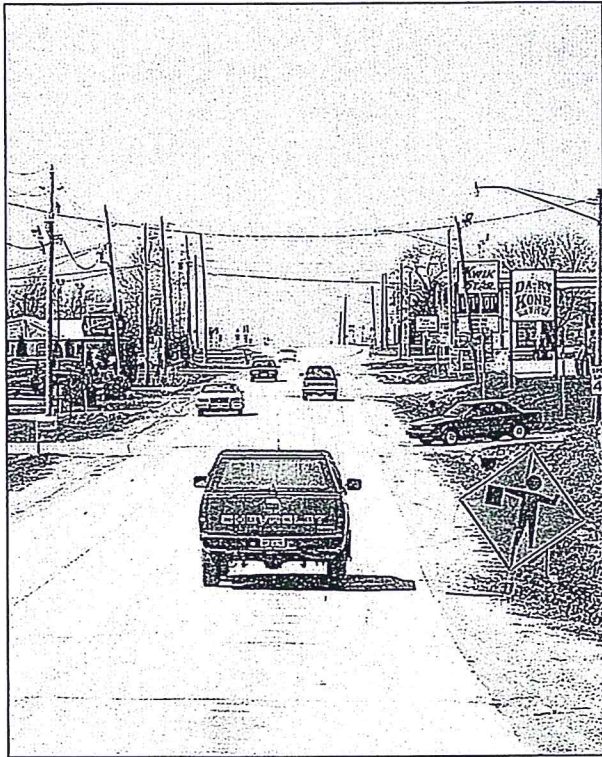


- Traffic controls
- Side road on the right
- Your speed
- A car too close in the rear zone
- Potholes in the roadway
- Your fuel supply
- A car in the left-rear zone
- Oncoming traffic
- Your headlights on high or low beams
- Directional changes in the roadway

	Ahead	Sides	Mirrors	Instrument Panel
1.				
2.		✓		
3.				
4.			✓	
5.				
6.				✓
7.				
8.	✓			
9.				
10.	✓	✓		

List the Potential Conflicts

Study the picture provided. You are the driver of the vehicle behind the truck. Answer the questions to the right.



- List four potential problems that may change your path of travel.
 - Vehicle on right
 - ONCOMING Traffic
 - _____
 - _____
- What actions might you need to take?
 - Slow down
 - _____
- What would you do if a vehicle from behind began to pass you?
 - Slow down
 - _____
- What potential problem might the roadway cause in your path of travel?
 - Stopped traffic ahead for construction
- Should any of the vehicles shown prepare to pass in this situation?
 - _____

Write Your Decision

Write the missing word or words that complete each statement on the blanks.

- _____ 1. Prior to passing, drivers should make sure they can answer yes or no to whether it is legal, if it is _____, and if it is safe.
- Interaction 2. Passing is normally not allowed when within 100 feet of a two-lane bridge, a (an) _____, or an underpass.
- _____ 3. After driving through a severe sandstorm, drivers should service their cars and change the _____.
- Lower 4. Shift to a _____ gear before starting to drive downhill on a mountain roadway.

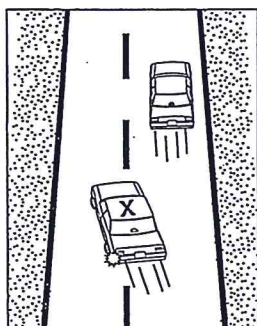
Write the Parts of the Procedure

List five parts of the procedure for safely driving around a curve.

- See the curve in your target area.
- Check the rear zone
- _____
- _____
- _____

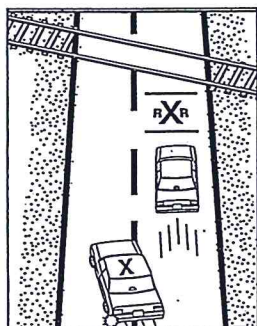
Use the Pictures

In each picture below, you are driving vehicle X at 50 mph on a two-lane highway with no oncoming or following traffic. Below each picture, circle the action to take and tell why on the blank lines.



Pass Follow

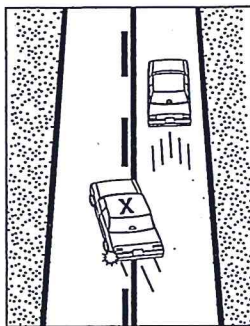
1. Why? _____



Pass Follow

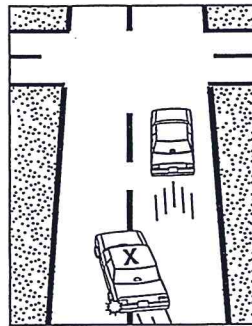
2. Why? _____

Rail Road
crossing w/in
100 feet



Pass Follow

3. Why? _____



Pass Follow

4. Why? _____

Intersection
w/in 100 feet

Determine Driver Actions

The diagram to the right shows a divided multilane highway. The highway has a crossover area for traffic from the east to enter in order for them to travel south.

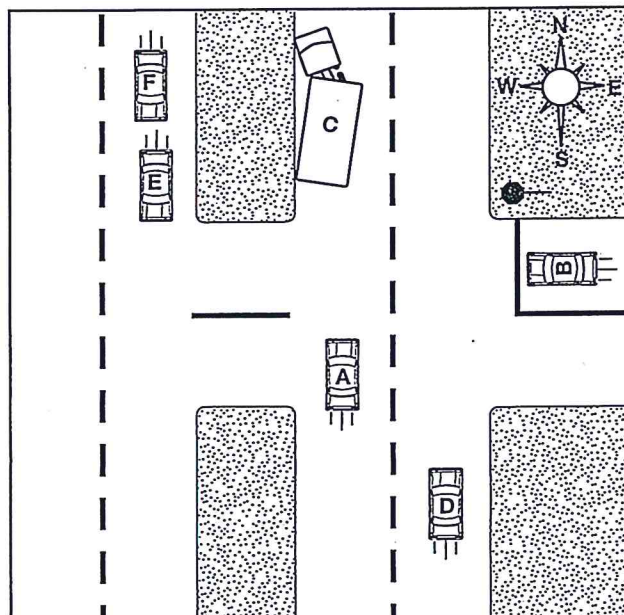
Vehicle B wants to cross over then turn left.

Vehicles A and D are both traveling northbound.

Vehicles E and F are traveling southbound.

Vehicle C is a tractor-semitrailer that is stalled on the roadway.

Study the diagram. Determine which action (listed below) each vehicle's driver should take. Write the letter of the vehicle on the blank next to each action.



- _____ 1. Lane change as soon as possible.
- B 2. Remain stopped until all northbound traffic clears.
- _____ 3. Get out of the mirror blind spot of the car as soon as traffic clears.
- F 4. Establish a 3-second following position.
- _____ 5. Sound the horn.
- C 6. Engage the hazard flashers.

Pick A Word

Use the word or words in the box that best matches each statement below.

acceleration lane	controlled-access	entrance ramp	merging area
common speed	highway	exit ramp	velocitation
	deceleration lane	highway hypnosis	wolf packs

Velocitation

1. Speed used by most drivers who drive on an expressway

2. Condition in which a driver unconsciously drives too fast after leaving an expressway

3. Allows the driver to search for a gap while picking up speed to match traffic flow

Controlled-Access Hwy

4. Type of expressway where vehicles can enter or leave only at an interchange

5. An added lane in which to slow your vehicle without slowing vehicles to the rear on the expressway

Highway Hypnosis

6. Condition in which a driver is lulled into an inattentive, drowsy state

7. Leads off of the expressway and allows the driver to look for a speed change and slow the vehicle

Entrance Ramp

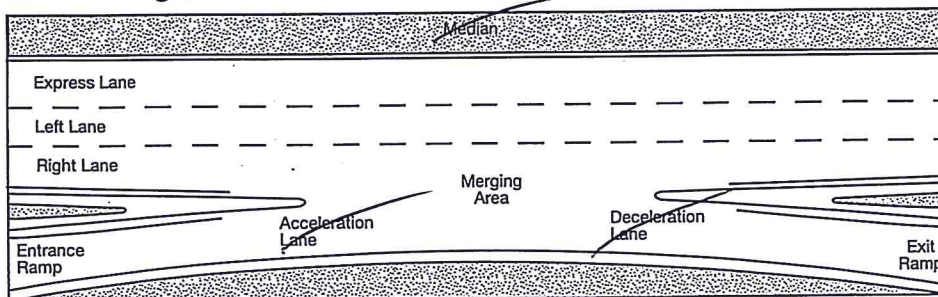
8. Allows the driver to evaluate path of travel, control zones, and determine the best entry speed

9. Allows the driver to evaluate time and space prior to moving into traffic flow

Wolf Packs

10. Groups of vehicles bunched together on an expressway

Use the Diagram



Study the diagram above. Write the expressway term that matches each statement below.

1. Ramp that gives you access to an expressway

2. Area that separates two-way traffic on an expressway

3. Ramp that leads a vehicle off an expressway

4. Added lane on an expressway in which to slow a vehicle without blocking vehicles behind

5. Part of an expressway entrance you enter at the same speed as vehicles in the nearest lane

6. Part of an expressway entrance that allows you to increase speed to that of vehicles on the expressway

7. Expressway lane with few exits, used by traffic during morning and evening rush hours

Median

Deceleration Lane

Acceleration Lane

Test Your Knowledge

Check correct or incorrect for each statement below about expressways.

1. Cross traffic is eliminated on controlled access expressways because there are no intersections.
2. Expressways have a median strip or barrier between opposing lanes of traffic.
3. Expressways have narrow shoulders and underpasses.
4. Pedestrians, nonmotorized vehicles, and slow-moving vehicles are permitted on most expressways.
5. Expressways are designed to help drivers anticipate conditions ahead.

	Correct	Incorrect
1.		
2.	✓	
3.		
4.		✓
5.		

List Expressway Strategies

List four strategies to use to become a safe expressway driver.

1. prepare yourself + vehicle
2. Build Experience Gradually
3. _____
4. _____

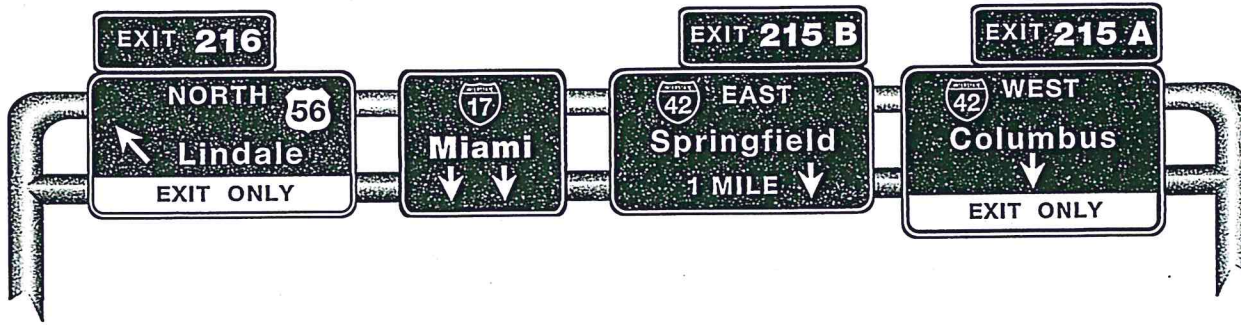
Identify Problem Areas

Check the box to the right that identifies different problems you must look for when entering and exiting expressways.

1. Crossing paths with traffic
2. Roadway repair activity
3. Ramp signal light
4. High wall blocks vision
5. Ramp overflow
6. Merging area
7. Short acceleration lane
8. Wrong ramp choice
9. Short deceleration lane
10. Gap difficult to find
11. WRONG WAY or DO NOT ENTER sign

	Entering	Exiting	Both
1.			
2.			✓
3.			
4.	✓		
5.			
6.	✓		
7.			
8.			✓
9.			
10.	✓		
11.			

Check the Lane



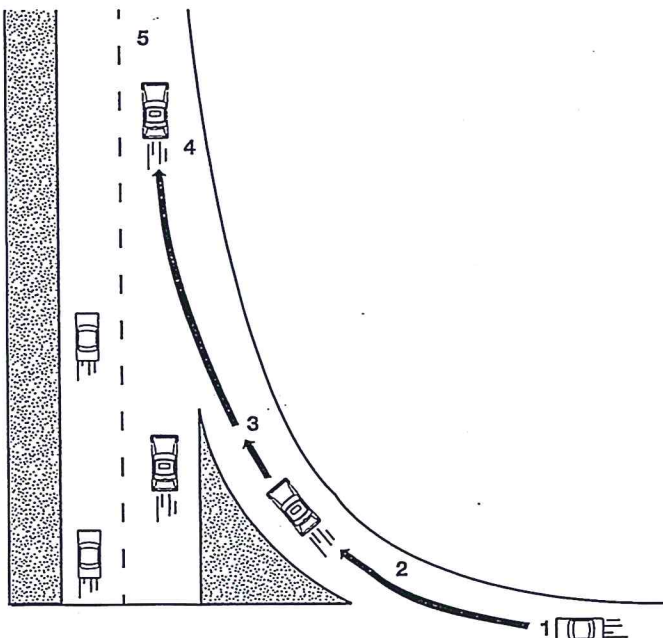
Above is a group of signs over an expressway. Check the correct lane for each question below.

1. Which lane should you use to go to Springfield?
2. Which lane should you use to go to Columbus?
3. Which lane should you use to exit highway 56?
4. Which two lanes can you use to go to Miami?
5. Which two lanes of the expressway are ending?

	Far Left Lane	Left Center Lane	Center Lane	Right Center Lane	Far Right Lane
1.					
2.					✓
3.					
4.		✓	✓		
5.	✓				✓

Use the Diagram

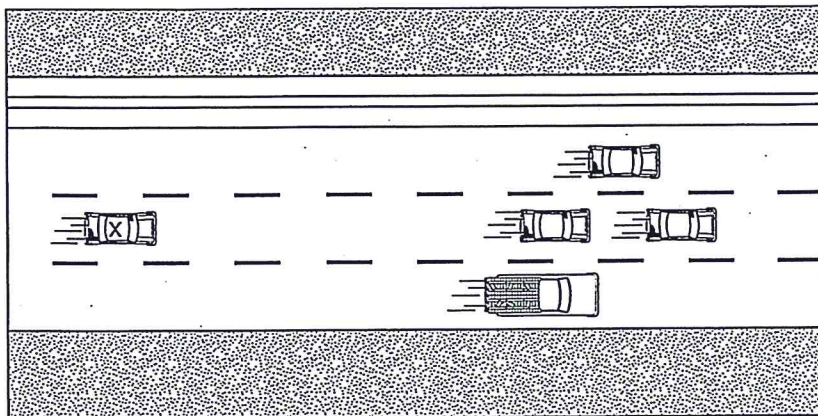
Study the diagram. Write what actions to take at each of the five numbered points.



1. a. Right Signal
- b. _____
2. a. Evaluate Zone Conditions
- b. _____
- c. _____
3. a. Accelerate
- b. _____
- c. _____
4. Adjust speed + position
5. a. Adjust speed
- b. _____
- c. _____

Use the Picture

You are driving car X on an expressway with a view of traffic ahead as shown in the picture below. Check yes or no for each statement.



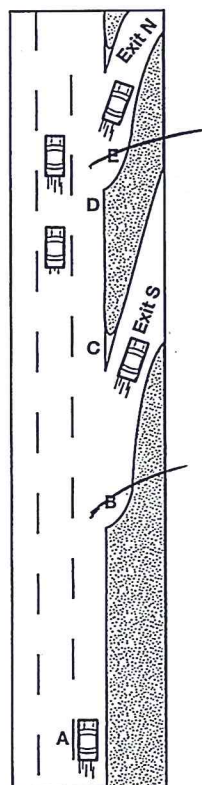
1. A wolf pack is forming ahead.
2. You should accelerate to join the cars ahead.
3. Maintain speed; be a "loner."
4. A driver in a wolf pack is likely to have trouble with lane changes.
5. If you are tailgated, speed up so the wolf pack protects you.

	Yes	No
1.		
2.		✓
3.		
4.	✓	
5.		

Match the Location

Study the picture of the expressway exits. Write the letter of the location that matches where each action should take place.

- _____ 1. Give right turn signal to use exit S.
- B 2. Begin to decelerate for exit S.
- _____ 3. Change to deceleration lane for exit N.
- E 4. Adjust to exit ramp speed for exit N.
- _____ 5. Give right turn signal to use exit N.



Name _____ Date _____

Pick a Word

Use the word or words in the box that best matches each statement below.

controlled braking	overdriving headlights
fishtailing	rocking a vehicle
hydroplaning	skid

- Rocking a Vehicle
- Fishtailing
- Overdriving Headlights
1. A tire rises up on top of water and no longer has contact with the road
 2. Driving forward a little and then back a little to move your vehicle out of snow, mud, or sand
 3. When tires lose all or part of their grip on the roadway while braking, accelerating, or steering
 4. The rear of the vehicle swerving back and forth
 5. A technique of applying your brakes to slow or stop quickly without locking your wheels
 6. Driving at a speed that makes your stopping distance longer than the distance lighted by your headlights

Check Your Knowledge

Check correct or incorrect for each situation. If the statement is incorrect, write the word that makes the statement correct:

Correction

	Correct	Incorrect		
1.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1. Turn on the heater to help reduce moisture on the inside of the windshield.	
2.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2. The darkest days have the darkest shadows.	<u>brightest</u>
3.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3. Move to lane position 2 if the oncoming driver does not reduce high-beam headlights.	
4.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4. In fog, other vehicles may be closer than you think.	
5.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	5. Use high-beam headlights day or night when it snows.	
6.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	6. Slushy snow in standing water can increase hydroplaning risk.	
7.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	7. If water is just over the tire rims, drive quickly in low gear.	
8.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	8. Apply heavy brake pressure to help dry wet brakes.	<u>Light</u>
9.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	9. To help correct a skid, steer toward the target.	
10.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10. You are in a rear-wheel skid if you turn the steering wheel and the vehicle continues straight.	<u>front-wheel</u>
11.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	11. Correct an over-power skid by letting off the accelerator.	
12.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	12. ABS will enable you to stop in a shorter distance.	<u>Not</u>
13.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	13. When your engine gets hot, turn on your air conditioner.	

Answer the Question

After you have looked at the photo and considered the low-visibility conditions, write the answers to the questions.

1. When is it safe to use high-beam headlights when other vehicles are on the road in front of you?

2. What is the most important rule for your vehicle's glass?

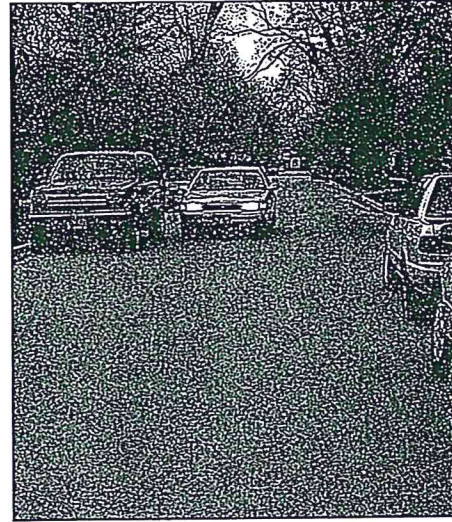
Keep it clean

3. What action can you take to remind drivers to lower their high-beam headlights?

4. How can stopping distance be checked on dry pavement at night?

Use the 4-second stopping rule

5. What three actions can a driver take if moisture builds up on the inside of the windshield?



Choose Your Action

Write the action you should take to reduce your risk.

1. You encounter fog while driving.
2. You are driving at the maximum speed limit when sleet starts to fall.
3. It looks like the water on the road ahead will be as high as the bottom of your vehicle.
4. You get stuck in deep snow, mud, or sand.
5. You must drive on a heavily traveled gravel road.
6. You need to brake hard with your ABS-equipped vehicle.
7. Ice and slush are stuck to the underside of your vehicle when you park.
8. You get stuck in deep snow with your engine running.
9. Snow is packed down in the tire tracks in lane position 1.
10. You need to check your traction in icy areas.

Your Action

1. _____

2. Slow down

3. _____

4. Rock Vehicle

5. _____

6. Steady pressure on Brake

7. _____

8. Make sure exhaust pipe is not blocked

9. _____

10. Squeeze brakes lightly at low speeds away from traffic

Name _____ Date _____

Pick the Term

Use the words in the box to the right to complete the statement on traction control.

1. Remove accelerator or brake pedal pressure in a _____ skid.
2. Overpower skids are caused by too much acceleration on the drive wheels.
3. A front-wheel skid results in a loss of _____ control.
4. In a rear-wheel skid, steer quickly and precisely.
5. The squeeze-relax-squeeze technique is used for _____ braking.

controlled
front-wheel
~~over-power~~
~~rear-wheel~~
steering

Test Your Knowledge

Answer the questions below.

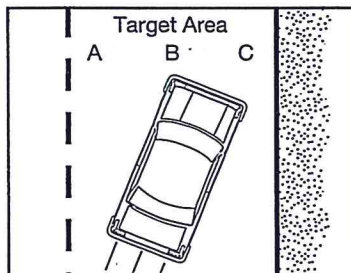


Diagram A

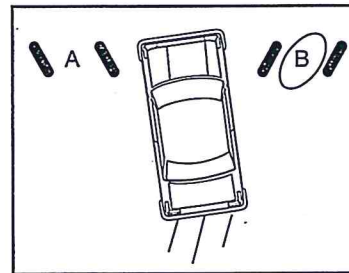


Diagram B

1. The vehicle in Diagram A skidded off target.

A. Where should the driver look? Check the correct answer

- _____ Look toward A.
_____ Look toward B.
_____ Look toward C.

B. Where should the driver steer? Check the correct answer.

- _____ Steer toward A.
☒ Steer toward B.
_____ Steer toward C.

2. List the three steps a driver should take to control a front-wheel skid.

1) Release gas or brake pedal

2) _____

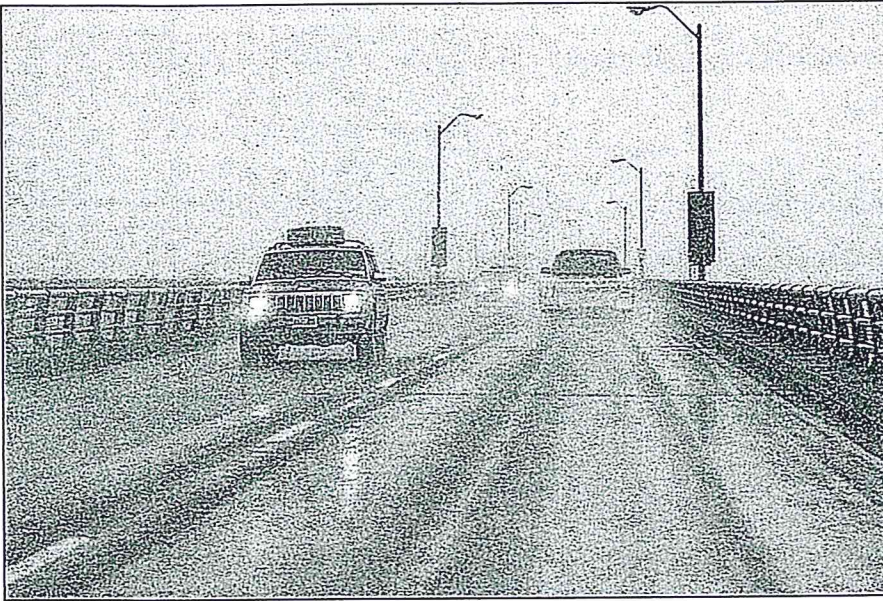
3) _____

3. If a vehicle does not have ABS, name and describe the technique the driver should use to stop quickly.

4. In Diagram B, circle A or B for the direction the front tires would be turned when the front of the vehicle skids to the left off target.

Study the Picture

Study the conditions in the picture and check true or false for each statement below.



1. Rain covered roadways create limited traction.
2. Use cruise control on slippery roads for control.
3. Increase following distance from other vehicles.
4. Use high-beam headlights to increase visibility to others.
5. Roads are most slippery when rain starts to fall.
6. Drive in the tire tracks left by other vehicles.
7. Bald tires reduce the chance of hydroplaning.
8. A sign that the brakes are wet is the vehicle pulls to one side.
9. Estimate water depth by looking at parked vehicles.
10. If the windshield wipers must be used, turn off the headlights.

	True	False
1.		
2.		✓
3.		
4.		✓
5.		
6.	✓	
7.		
8.	✓	
9.		
10.		✓