

p.104

Find an equation of the line that is tangent to the graph of f and parallel to the given line.

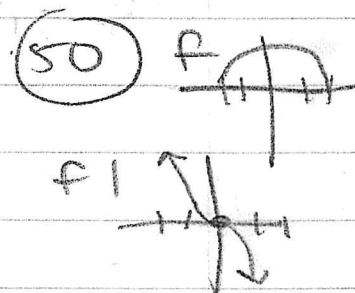
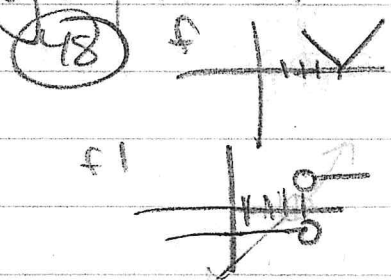
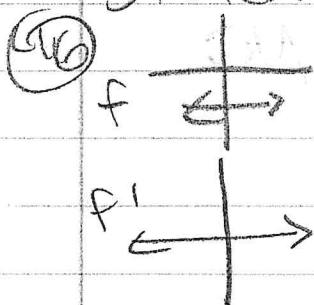
(34) $f(x) = 2x^2$, $4x + y + 3 = 0$
 $f'(x) = 4x$ $y = 3 - 4x$, slope $= -4$
 $4x = -4$

$x = -1$

$y - 2 = -4(x + 1)$

$f(-1) = 2(1) = 2$

Sketch the graph of f !



The limit represents $f'(c)$ for a function at c . Find the function and c .

(54) $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-2 + \Delta x)^3 + 8}{\Delta x}$ $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$

$f(x) = x^3$

$x = -2$

Alternate limit for a derivative.

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} \sim \frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1}$ still slope

(56) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{2\sqrt{x} - 6}{x - 9}$ $f(x) = 2\sqrt{x}$
 $c = 9$

Identify and sketch a function that:

- (58) $f(0) = 4$, $f'(0) = 0$, $f'(x) < 0$ for $x < 0$
and $f'(x) > 0$ for $x > 0$



$$y = x^2 + 4$$

Is the function differentiable at $x = 1$?

(96) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & x \leq 1 \\ x^2 & x > 1 \end{cases}$

Same slope:

top deriv = 1

bottom deriv = $2x$

Continuous: yes

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} = 1$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} = 1$

at $x = 1$, $f' = 2$

Since the slopes are not $\pm$, NO